

# Rogue River Courier

DAILY EDITION

VOL. VI., No. 282.

GRANTS PASS, JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON.

MONDAY, JUNE 19, 1916.

WHOLE NUMBER 1776.

No Other Town in the World the Size of Grants Pass Has a Paper With Full Leased Wire Telegraph Service.

## FISHERMAN LOSES LIFE IN ROGUE

**John Hogue, of the Commercial Fishing Fleet Was Drowned When His Boat Was Capsized Last Night**

John Hogue, who with his partner, Mr. Pankey, has been operating a boat in the commercial fishing fleet since the opening of the season, was drowned at about 11 o'clock Sunday night when he was thrown into the water through the capsizing of the boat in the rapids near Griffin ferry. The men were drifting over the rapids just below the Flanagan & Cornell mine when the net became entangled in the boat, throwing the boat broadside to the stream. Before the net could be cast loose, it having caught in the oar lock, the boat was overturned, and both men were thrown into the seething waters. Mr. Pankey succeeded in making his way to shore, but nothing was seen of Hogue after the boat capsized, and Mr. Pankey called assistance at about 12 o'clock and search of the river was made. The search is being continued today for the body of the unfortunate young man.

Mr. Hogue was about 25 years of age, and had lived in Josephine county for many years, residing with his mother on a ranch not far from where he lost his life.

## GERMANY GETS MORE U. S. MAIL

Berlin, via London, June 19.—The note of President Wilson to England protesting against the British seizure of mail, has borne fruit.

Saturday, Sunday and Monday more mail from America reached Germany than had arrived since February. Most of the letters, from four to six weeks old, bear the big black letters placed on them in England, "Opened by the Censor."

Americans here interpret the change as indicative that the allies will be far more lenient in their treatment of mails to and from Germany than heretofore, but that, despite this, will cling to the right to seize and censor.

## RUSSIANS RENEW ATTACK AT BRODY

London, June 19.—With Czernowitz, capital of Bukovina, in their hands, and some of the cavalry units already far past that to the north in flanking attacks on the retreating Austrians, the Russians have renewed the fury of their attacks in the region of Brody, opposite Lemberg, according to despatches from Petrograd.

If the drive in this region is successful, the Russian line from the Lutsa region to the Roumanian border will be straightened out. A heavier resistance than that of Czernowitz is expected here as the line can be readily reinforced by means of the railroad from Lemberg.

Furious fighting continues in the Kovel region with the Russians slowly but steadily advancing, despite the most stubborn resistance of the combined German and Austrian troops. With Kovel and Lemberg taken, the military critics predict a general retreat of the east front forces of the central powers.

## KNIGHTS TEMPLAR HOLD CONCLAVE AT LOS ANGELES

Los Angeles, June 19.—Los Angeles today witnessed one of the most colorful, patriotic days in its history, with thousands of Knights Templar delegates holding their triennial conclave here, the city bedecked in colored bunting, flags and banners, and the sudden springing up of militia recruiting stations in the down-town district.

Visiting knights tarried a moment during their entertainment to watch Los Angeles militiamen respond to the president's call. Brigadier General Robert Wanowowsky, of the Los Angeles commandery, in the garb of the state militia of California, is head of the reception committee.

Thousands of Sir Knights deserted Los Angeles today for Catalina Island and Pasadena, where they were guests of honor. More than 600 made up the party of members to the Grand Encampment which left shortly after noon for San Pedro, from whence they went to the beautiful island. They are due to return late tonight.

At 6:30 p. m. there was to be a reunion and dinner of the "Mutuals," the organization of recorders of grand commanderies of the United States, at the Los Angeles Athletic club.

Tonight the grand electrical pageant, "Flight of the Hours," will be repeated.

## MORE OFFICERS NEEDED FOR ARMY

Washington, June 19.—Embarrassed by a shortage of regular army officers at this time, members of the general staff today considered graduation next month of the class of West Point, who ordinarily would graduate in June, 1917. In the event of war, some officials today told Secretary Baker, such a step would be necessary. The suggestion now considered is to give these men their commissions in July and send them out as militia and recruit instructors. Should the number be insufficient, it was suggested these cadets be commissioned and assigned posts, while the class that would ordinarily graduate in 1918 be sent out as militia instructors.

## CHICAGO BUSINESS MEN TO PAY MILITIAMEN WAGES

Chicago, June 19.—Chicago's big business almost unanimously agreed today to pay part or all the salary of their employes called out on militia duty during their service with the national guard.

John R. Thompson, owner of a chain of restaurants, said he would provide for the families of militiamen in his employ. The Chicago Elevated railway will care for the families of all the militiamen "on a liberal basis."

## ATTEMPT TO SAVE THE LINER BEAR

San Francisco, June 19.—Federal investigation of the steamer Bear wreck on Sugar Loaf rock in which five persons died, began today at the customs house, United States inspectors of Hulls and Boilers Guthrie and Dolan questioning passengers and crew. Captain Louis N. Nopander will be one of the most important witnesses. The inspectors have just returned from a visit to the scene of the wreck. The San Francisco & Portland Steamship company, owners of the Bear, propose to try to save the Bear. It is imbedded in the sand, but not seriously damaged. Salvage operations are proceeding.

## UNCLE SAM SHOWING TEETH TO CARRANZA

**Administration Makes Exhibit of Force by Ordering Mobilization of State Militia for Service at the Border, and by Sending Warships and Transports to Mexican Ports Ready to Fight If Occasion Demands**

Washington, June 19.—America's mailed fist confronts the Carranza government today. Orders for practically all state militia for border service, backed by dispatch of more fighting ships and transports, constitutes the threat. It is the administration's last trump card to quiet a troublesome situation. If his last trump does not take the trick, officials fear war will follow.

Some administration officials today frankly admitted a fear that dispatch of 100,000 more men to the border may cause some of the more reckless of Carranza commanders to commit an act that could have only one result.

Officials seemed certain the mailed fist will have the desired effect. They believed, though, that the United States will be thoroughly prepared by the latest step for anything that develops below the boundary.

Calling the militia does not now mean intervention. The policy is still to keep General Pershing's column where it is and to strengthen the border patrol so much as to end the recent outbursts of banditry.

The most disturbing thing in a mass of perplexing rumors and facts was the report that Carranza had sent an ultimatum, demanding American troop withdrawal within a week. The president made his militia call last night.

The big underlying thing is the economic situation in Mexico. It is very bad, according to official reports. This reacts for trouble by creating a chaotic condition and by stimulating banditry among men whose only sustenance seems to lie in loot.

The militia call, officials hoped, may cause Carranza to make extreme efforts to hold his men in check. But these same officials admitted a fear that the call may fan the Mexican populace into such indignant anti-Americanism that a break can not be averted. Certainly in some Mexican quarters the news will be taken as meaning a preparation for war.

The orders issued last night contemplate having about 100,000 more men ready for border work. Where and when they will be sent depends on General Funston's orders. They are ordered to mobilize and camp in their respective states.

The troops will not be sent at once to the border. The war department contemplates relief, so that the entire force will not have to be in constant attendance.

The response to the militia call will be closely watched, but from reports already in, the national guards of numerous states are really anxious to go.

The fact that the United States troopers in the fight Saturday below Ranchita were not actually engaged with de facto government forces, and came out unscathed, caused rejoicing here today. The big fear here Saturday night was that this fight might spell the beginning of the end, provoking intervention through a clash with Carranza's men. All outward signs—except Carranza's reported withdrawal ultimatum—point to an effort by Carranza and his authorities to keep their men in check. Behind it, however, is a growing disposition among Carranza officials to be more strenuous in demands upon the United States—perhaps for home consumption, but certainly in a way that displeases this government.

The demands of General Trevino that Pershing's forces do not move—except out—under pain of a Mexican attack, is still regarded here as

a part of Mexican bombast, which will go unheeded.

Army men openly express the fear that neither Carranza nor his commanders will be able to prevent an attack on Pershing's column and the consequent precipitation of intervention. Should this occur, they said, war, without doubt, will follow.

Admitting the gravity of the situation, Secretary Lansing said today: "There is more excitement and irritation in Mexico than heretofore."

The statement was the more significant in view of Lansing's persistent refusal for weeks past to make any comment except to mention "cooperation" with the de facto government.

A note of 10,000 words or more—a strong and forceful refusal to heed Carranza's withdrawal request—will be en route to Carranza before night. This note may precipitate the trouble that every official fears—an actual clash between Mexican forces and Americans.

## COAST ARTILLERY DUE AT LAREDO

Laredo, Texas, June 19.—Seven hundred and fifty reinforcements, including 250 artillerymen, arrived in Nuevo Laredo, opposite here yesterday, and paraded the streets. An anti-American demonstration is said to have been prevented by General Garza, Carranza commander.

A trainload of coast artillery is due here tomorrow. Its original destination was Columbus, N. M. Three other trainloads of soldiers are en route here from the east.

## REINFORCEMENT FOR PRES. CARRANZA'S ARMY

Laredo, Texas, June 19.—Manuel Garza Vigil, former editor of a Mexican newspaper in this city, arrived today in Nuevo Laredo with sixteen 3-inch field pieces and 200 artillerymen to reinforce the Carranza garrison there.

## MILITIA CAN NOW CROSS THE BORDER

Washington, June 19.—National guardsmen may be sent across the Mexican border without further congressional action, in the opinion of Chairman Chamberlain of the senate military affairs committee. So, confident is he of this that he does not intend to ask congress for any further approval or authorization for such a step, he said today.

Chamberlain bases his belief on the ground that in case invasion of the United States is threatened, very broad powers are allowed the president to meet the emergency. He said he did not doubt that among these powers is the president's right to order state troops into Mexican territory as a strategic step to prevent Mexican aggression.

The weight of opinion is that the state troops may not be used for a campaign in Mexico before July 1, when the new army law goes into effect. Before that time militiamen must take the double oath of allegiance.

## NINE WARSHIPS ARE ALREADY IN MEXICAN WATER

Washington, June 19.—Nine warships already are in Mexican waters. Fifteen more are either speeding there or will leave within 24 hours. The battleship Nebraska is at Vera Cruz, the gunboat Wheeling at Tampico, the gunboat Machias at Tampico and the gunboat Marietta at Tampico. En route to Mexico is the tender Dixie, the cruiser Salem from Guantanamo to Tampico, three destroyers from Key West to Vera Cruz and the transport Hancock from Santo Domingo to Vera Cruz. On the west coast are the gunboat Annapolis at Mazatlan, the Yorktown at Topolobampo, the supply ship Glacier at Topolobampo, the cruiser Cleveland at Guaymas and the cruiser Albany at Manzanillo. The cruiser San Diego, with Admiral Winslow aboard, is at San Diego.

## WILSON WATCHES EFFECT OF ORDER

Washington, June 19.—President Wilson today awaited results of the "acid test" applied to business men of the country in the issuance of orders for national guard mobilization. On May 30 in Arlington cemetery the president told the veterans of the civil war that "within a month it might be up to the nation's industrial chiefs to determine whether the new militia law was to receive the support which might be expected from the business men in their plea for preparedness."

President Wilson regards the present situation as a strict appliance of the test.

## GERMAN INFANTRY ATTACKS ARE REPULSED

Paris, June 19.—Violent German infantry attacks against the French positions north of Hill 321 on the Verdun front were repulsed, according to the official statement of the war office today. On the west bank of the Meuse the Germans shelled the southern slopes of Dead Man's hill heavily. A German attack in the region of Chantancourt was repulsed by French curtain fire and efficacious counter-preparations with infantry. Two squadrons of French airmen bombarded Vauxlars barracks station, dropping 61 big calibre shells with good effect.

## WEDDING HASTENED BY MILITIA MOBILIZATION

Chicago, June 19.—A secret wedding for Richard Dunne, son of Governor Dunne, was in prospect tonight, as a sequel to the call of Illinois militiamen for service. Young Dunne, a member of Battery G, was to have married Miss Frances Fitzgerald, of Chicago, next Saturday, in a brilliant church ceremony. By that time he may be en route to the border. At the Dunne home today it was said the wedding would be private, but the date and hour was kept secret.

## ROOSEVELT SOON TO ENDORSE HUGHES

Oyster Bay, June 19.—Colonel Roosevelt will publicly endorse Charles E. Hughes, the republican presidential candidate, immediately after the hearing of the progressive national committee in Chicago June 26, it was learned on high authority today.

Though nothing is known positively of what the progressive committee will do, it is believed the committee will accept Roosevelt's designation of the nomination.

## MILITIA NOW PREPARES FOR WAR

**Oregon to Supply Regiment of Infantry, Battery of Field Artillery, Troop of Cavalry for Border Service**

Portland, June 19.—One regiment of infantry, a battery of field artillery, one troop of cavalry, a machine gun company and sanitary detachment gathered in Oregon at six o'clock this morning, and are expected to mobilize at the Clackamas rifle range tonight.

The 12 companies of infantry comprising the Third regiment are: Co. A, McMinnville; Companies, B, C, D, E, F, and H, Portland; company G, Oregon City; company I, Woodburn; company K, Corvallis; company L, Dallas and company M, Salem.

Colonel McLaughlin, who served under General Pershing in the Philippines is in command.

Militiamen were routed from their beds at midnight last night and the work of mobilization was begun. Recruits to bring the companies up to full strength were called for. Many enlisted within an hour after orders were received by Adjutant-General White. Recruiting was brisk this morning.

Besides the infantry, cavalry and artillery were called out. The Oregon militia includes eight companies of coast artillery. The present strength of the forces which have received mobilization orders is about 1300 men.

## CONSUL SILLIMAN IS COMING HOME

Washington, June 19.—Consul Silliman of Saltillo is en route to the border, under orders from the state department to quit his post. Consul Hanna at Monterey, who left his post and reached Laredo, advised the state department today that Silliman is heading toward the border. There are now no full consuls in interior Mexico, though at coast points they still remain and probably will, unless serious trouble develops.

## 30 AIR COMBATS IN FRANCE SUNDAY

London, June 19.—A decrease in infantry fighting with a marked increase in aeroplane activity and in the artillery fighting at some points featured the actions along the line in France, according to the late reports from the war office. On the British section of the line there were 30 air combats yesterday, but with no decisive results.

On the Verdun front two German aeroplanes were shot down by French airmen and three others forced to descend by the fire of anti-aircraft guns. One French flyer was the victim of the German anti-aircraft artillery.

In the Lorraine there were air duels. German flyers made an ineffectual bomb dropping raid on Pont-a-Mousson, Nancy and Baccarat. There was no infantry fighting at Verdun.

Chicago, June 19.—No militia officer can be relieved of service during the life of his present commission, except by order of the president, General Thomas Barry, commander of the central department, said today.